

Issue Date: 17.02.2011

SAFETY data sheet

In accordance with Article 32(Non-Dangerous Substance)(EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Substance designation: Electric arc baking slag

Revision 7: 05.03.2021

1 Identification of the substance / preparation and of the company

1.1 Trade name: Black Garnet ™

1.1.1 Product identification: Electric arc oven slag

1.1.2 Additional identifications: Iron and steel slags from

electric furnace in the pro duction of carbon steel

1.1.3 REACH registration number: 01-2119485979-09

1.1.4 EC No .: 932-275-6 1.1.5 Cas No .: 91722-10-0

1.2 Identification of the intended and advised uses of the substance in question:

1.2.1. Intended uses: Road construction, cement

production, environ mental recovery, formation of embankments, road foundations, railway ballast, hydraulic engineering, additive for cement, concrete and others

hydraulic binders, water treatment

and purification, drainage,

production of rock wool, mortars and screeds, sandblasting, cutting to water, fillers for polymers and elastomers, geopolymers, abrasives

1.2.2. Uses advised against: None

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

1.3.1 Manufacturer: Acciaieria Arvedi S.p.A.

1.3.2 Via: Acquaviva, 18

1.3.3 Postcode / City: 26100 - Cremona

1.3.4 Country: Italy

1.3.5 Telephone: +39 0372 4781

1.3.6 Fax: +39 0372 478030

1.3.7 Information provided by: Safety data sheet manager

1.3.8 Emergency telephone number +39 02 66101029

2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance: This substance does not fall under

the hazard requirements according to Regulations relating to classifica tion, labeling and packaging Of dangerous substances and mixtures

(CLP) (EC 1272/2008)

2.2 Label elements: Not applicable



2.3 Other hazards:

Slag powder can act as an irritant

and cause irritation

Mechanics of the eyes and respira tory system. PBT criteria do not They are applicable to inorganic substances (non-toxic and non-toxic

bioaccumulative)

3. Composition / information on ingredients:

3.1 Information relating to the

substance: Slag deriving from the manufacture

of carbon steel With electric oven. N.CE: 932-275-6

CAS number: 91722-10-0 Composition of Ca-Mg-Fe-Al

3.2 Further information: The electric furnace slag produced

from carbon steel

They are crystal clear. The structure depends on the temperature and By

controlled cooling rate.

4. First aid measures:

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1.1 In case of inhalation: Take the person concerned outdo

ors. Consult a Doctor if irritation

persists.

4.1.2 In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of soap and water

4.1.3 In case of contact with eyes: Rinse eyes with water holding the

eyelids well Open.

Consult a doctor if irritation persists.

rinse mouth and drink plenty of

water

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

The mechanical friction of the slag in the eyes can cause Irritation

4.3 Indication of any need to immediately consult a doctor and special

treatments: None

4.1.4 If swallowed:

5. Firefighting measures:

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, carbon dioxide, spray (water).

The product itself

It doesn't burn. Coordinate nearby

firefighting activities Of fire.

5.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

5.3 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

None

None

5.4 Advice for firefighters:

Not applicable



6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency workers: Keep unprotected people away or

stay on the side

Windward. Avoid dust dispersion.

6.1.2 For those who intervene directly: Wear personal protective equipment.

Provide and/or maintain adequate

ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Not needed

6.3 Methods for containment and

remediation: Collect the product mechanically,

avoid as much Possible dust development. Use a method Cleaning that tends to reduce the develop

ment of dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections: Waste disposal: see section 13

Personal protection: see section 8

7 Handling and storage

7.1 Safe Handling Precautions

7.1.1 Tips for safe handling:

Avoid dust dispersion. Where appli

cable,keep the substance wet. In

closed areas provide adequate

ventilation to avoid inhalation of dust In case of further manipulation with

7.1.2 Technical measures: In case of further manipulation with predictable High dust dispersion,

such as using a Ventilation with a drain filter or a Closed-circuit

suction and culling.

7.1.3 Hygiene measures: Do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash

your hands first Break at the end of

the shift.

8. Exposure control/individual protection

8.1 Control Parameters

8.1.1 Professional Exposure Limits (OEL): CAS-No. 91722-10-0 Nome:

Black Garnet Limit values - 8 h

ml/m3 mg/m3 Fattore di superamento

breathable powder 1.25 A inhalable powder 10 E 2 (II)

source (German legislation): TRGS 900 "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte"

8.1.2 Additional Exposure Limit Tips: Observe National Legislative Regu-

lations

8.1.3 DNEL/DMEL / DNEC and PNEC values: No specific threshold can be

derived

To the substance



8.2 Exposure Controls

8.2.1 Professional Exposure Controls: Refer to Section 78.2.2 Airway protection In case of high dust concentrations:

use filter IN 149 FFP2

8.2.3 Hand protection: Check resistance to glove chemicals

Protective. Use only gloves that

conform to 89/686/CEE

Use suitable materials for permanent

contacts and/or

Occasional: fabric gloves coated

with nitrilic rubber.

Penetration time (maximum wear

duration): 480 min

8.2.4 Eye protection: Use airtight eyeglasses

8.2.5 Protective clothing: Use protective clothing that covers

your arms and legs.

8.3 Environmental exposure controls: Dust emissions from production

processes They should always be checked to make sure they are Comply with the requirements of the

Environment.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 About Fundamental Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1.1 Appearance: Solid – Gray

9.1.2 Smell: Smell

9.1.3 Smell Threshold: not applicable

9.1.4 PH value: 10 – 13 (Elucent second EN

12457-4)

9.1.5 Melting point: > 1100 – 1400 degrees C

9.1.6 Initial boiling point and boiling interval: > 2000 degrees C

9.1.7 Flammability point: slags are inorganic material inert

with all analytes

Relevant in their most stable oxida tion state, it cannot No further

oxidation occurs. Although they can

be Present oxidable materials

(graphite, traces of metal) is not It is possible to generate a flammable

gas phase from the waste.

9.1.8 Evaporation speed: not applicable melting point greater

than C°1000 degrees

9.1.9 Flammability: non-flammable

9.1.10 Steam pressure: not applicable, according to REACH

regulations, it is not necessary Conducting studies for solids that melt above 300 degrees Celsius

9.1.11 Density: about 3 – 4 g/cm3 a (20 degrees

Celsius)

9.1.12 Water solubility: < 1 g/l



9.1.13 N-octane/water distribution ratio: not applicable as slags are UVCB solids that consist

Almost exclusively of inorganic ions in glass matrix Crystal clear lattice. These ions are insoluble in solvents

Organic including octane.

9.1.14 Self-ignition temperature:

not applicable as iron slags are inorganic materials Inert with all relevant analytes in their most Stable.

9.1.15 Decomposition temperature:

Not applicable, melting point > 1000

degrees Celsius

9.1.16 Viscosity:

Not applicable due to physical state

9.1.17 Explosive properties:

Iron slags are inorganic inert with all relevant analytes In their most stable state of oxidation. Iron slag does not They contain no chemical group associated with explosive properties.

9.1.18 Oxidizing Properties:

Non-oxidant: Iron slags are formed at temperatures > 1000 degrees Celsius And they lack any material that can react exo Thermally combustible materials under normal conditions.

9.2 More information:

None

10 Stability and responsiveness

10.1 Responsiveness:

not responsive under normal condi

tions (see section 9)

stable under normal conditions 10.2 Chemical stability: 10.3 None of the possibility of dangerous reactions

(see section 9)

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None 10.5 Incompatible Materials: None

10.6 Dangerous Decomposition Products: None

11 Toxicological information

EAF-C tested substance 11.1 Acute toxicity: oral:

OECD guideline 401, Wistar rat

LD50 > 2000 mg/Kg

Dermal: EAF-C tested substance OECD guideline 402, Wistar rat

LD50 > 4000 mg/Kg

Inalary: GGBS-tested substance OECD guideline 403, Wistar rat LC50 (dust) (4h) > 5234 mg/m3OECD guideline 412 (repeateddose





OECD guideline 412 (repeateddose inhalation toxicity): 28 Days), Mouse

Wistar

NOAEL $> 24.9 \mu g/I$ (aerosol)

11.2 Skin corrosion / irritation:

skin: EAF-C tested substance Acute irritant effect. OECD 404. New

White Rabbit

Zealand. Result: non-irritating

11.3 Severe damage/eye irritation: eyes:EAF-C tested substance

Acute Irritant Effect, OECD 405, New

White Rabbit

Zealand. Result: non-irritating

11.4 Respiratory or skin awareness: skin: EAF-C tested substance

OECD 406, Guinea-Guinea Dunkin-

Hartley guinea pig Result: no awareness

11.5 Germ cell mutagenicity: Mutagenicity: EAF-C tested substan

ce, mutation test

Reverse Bacteria, OECD 471, Salmo

nella Result

Typhimurium. Result: no mutagenic

effect

11.6 Cancer: There are no specific and reliable

studies on carcinogenicity In animals.

11.7 Reproductive toxicity: No evidence from scuffle tests or

other data for any Effects on playback. No data available from studies Dedicated in particular to reproductive toxicity. Because the Slags are similar to natural rocks, you should not expect Toxic effects to the

reproductive system.

11.8 STOT – single exposure: acute toxicity test results show no

sign of a potential STOT for waste.

11.9 STOT – repeated exposure: the results of the acute toxicity test

show no sign of a potential STOT for

waste.

11.10 Suction Hazard: The waste is solid and does not meet

the requirements for Classification of suction hazards according to Annex 1

Of the CLP regulation.



12 Ecological information 12.1 Toxicity:

Short-term fish toxicity, EAF-C tested substance: OECD 203, Leuciscus idus

LC50 (96 h) > 100 g/l

Short-term toxicity of aquatic inverte

brates, substance

EAF-C Testata: OECD 202, Daphnia

Magna

EC50 (48 h) 45 g/l NOEC (48 h) > 80 g/l

Algal toxicity, tested substanceEAF-C OCSE 201, Scenedesmus subspictus

IC50 (72 h)

Toxicity of microorganisms, a substan-

42 g/l

ce testedEAF-C: OCSE 209, active mud EC10 (3 h) > 10 g/l EC10 (3 h) > 10 g/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability: Methods for determining persistence

and Degradability are not applicable to

inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential: No evidence of potential bioaccumul

tion (see Section 9)

12.4 Soil degradation: Iron slags are rock-like inorganic

UVCBs Natural. Biodegradation has

no relevance.

12.5 PBT assessment results: Not applicable for inorganic

substances (non-toxic and non-toxic

Bioaccumulabile)

12.6 Other side effects: Negative ecological effects are not

expected based on the state Current

scientific knowledge.

13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods: Waste produced from carbon steel

production They can be recovered after the spill. In the event that

It is no longer used, the waste can be

disposed of According to local

legislation.

13.2 List of compliance codes with AVV or CER: ERC code 10.02.01: waste

from Slag processing or CER 12.01.17

Sludge resulting from non-dangerous

industrial processing



14 Transport information

14.1 Trasporto via terra (ADR/RID/CDG Strada/ CDG Ferrovia):

Unregulated as a dangerous

commodity

14.2 Internal navigation (ADN/ADNR):

Unregulated as a dangerous commodity

14.3 Maritime Transport (IMO): Unregulated as a dangerous commodity

15 Regulatory information

15.1 Health, safety and environmental standards and legislation, substance and mix specifications

15.1.1 EU Laws: No specific laws for this substance

15.1.2 National laws See for national legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: Chemical safety assessment has been carried out

16 More information

16.1 Updates: Data updated from the previous

version

Security Card Review: 05.03.2021

16.2 Literature: CSR: Report on Iron Slag Chemical

Safety

16.3 Method referred to in art. 9 of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008:

No classification and labeling

requirements required

For hazardous substances according

to the all. 1 of the Rules (CE)

1272/2008

16.4 Learn more: abbreviazioni:

n.d.a. - no data available n.a. is not applicable

EAF C = electric furnat waste (steel

production Carbon)

GGBS = granulated blast furnace slag ECxx = Concentration-related effect: refers to the Concentration of a drug, antibody or toxic Induces an organism response for a quantity Specify after a

defined exposure time

ICxx = Concentration of the inhibitor: a measure of the effectiveness of A substance in inhibiting a biological function or Specific biochemistry. Indicates the quantity of a particular Medication or other substance (inhibitor) needed to inhibit A given biological process (or component of a Process, that is, an enzyme, a cell, a receptor Cell phone or a

microorganism) of 10-90 %.



LCxx = Lethal Concentration
LDxx = Lethal dose: LDxx of a toxin is
the necessary dose
To kill a specific amount (xx) of
members of
A population tested after a certain
Time frame. LD50 digits are used
Frequently as a general indicator of
Acute toxicity of a substance.
NOEC - No concentration of observed
effects.

Declaration:

The information is based on the current level of our knowledge. However, such information does not provide assurances about the properties of the product and does not establish legal rights to the contract. The product should only be used for the applications indicated in the technical manual or operating instructions. The recipient of our product is individually responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.









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